

Creating happy, curious and confident learners

Parent Education Program

Home Reading (Years 3 – 6)

Dear Parents and Carers

You can make a huge difference to your child's reading and language development.

By encouraging your child to read for around 15 minutes every day, you will be supporting them to become better readers. You will also be providing them with the many benefits that come from regular reading with a family member.

The benefits of reading with a family member include:

- Improved self-esteem and confidence.
- Memory improvement and better focus.
- Increased academic outcomes in all areas of the curriculum.
- A larger vocabulary and increased language development.
- Improved focus and concentration.
- Better writing skills.

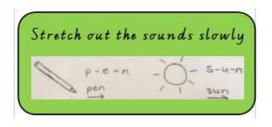
To support your child's home reading you can:

- Make a regular time for reading every day.
- Encourage your child to read for around 15 minutes every day.
- Make reading time fun and ensure that there are no interruptions.
- Listen to your child read.
- Encourage your child to read independently.
- Read with and to your child.
- Encourage your child to use reading strategies that they have learned at school.
- Remind your child to bring their take home book to and from school daily.
- Complete the reading log each day to celebrate home reading.

Reading strategies

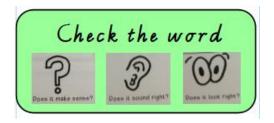
Below are some reading strategies to help your child to work out new or unfamiliar words. Encourage your child to discuss the strategies that they are learning and then for them to use them when they are reading.

Stretch out the sounds slowly: This strategy can be used when the reader comes across a new or tricky word. By stretching out the sounds, the reader can hear all of the sounds in the word which helps to decode the word.



For example, stretching out the sounds: 's-u-n' to make 'sun'.

Check the word: This strategy helps to develop thinking readers who stop when something does not sound right, look right, or make sense. It is important to let your child finish the sentence before asking them to use the 'Check the Word' strategy.

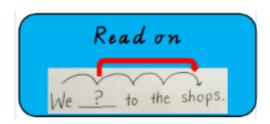


Ask your child: Does it make sense? Does it sound right? Does it look right?

Re-read: When children notice they have made an error or something didn't make sense, encourage them to go back just to the start of the sentence and then re-read it, this helps maintain meaning and develop fluent readers.



Read on: When your child comes to an unknown word, they go back to the start of the sentence then re-read, skipping the word and reading on until the end of the sentence. This often helps as more information is presented and your child can



make a considered 'guess' as to what the word may be.

Supporting Comprehension Development

To make meaning and gain enjoyment from reading, the reader needs to understand what they are reading about. Talking to your child about the books they read is one of the best ways to support their literacy and language development.

Below are some questions that can be used to support your child's reading comprehension at home:

Before reading:

- Why did you select this book?
- What makes you think this book is going to be interesting?
- What do you think the book is going to be about?
- Does this book remind you of anything else you've already read or seen?
- What kind of characters do you think will be in the book?
- What do you think might happen in the story?

During reading:

- Will you catch me up on the story? What's happened so far?
- What do you think will happen next?
- If you were that character, what would you have done differently in that situation?
- Which character do you like/dislike the most? Why?
- Where is the book set?
- If the main character in that story lived next door, would you be friends?
- What does the place look like in your head as you read? Would you want to visit there? Why?
- Did you learn any new words or facts?

After reading:

- What was your favorite part of the book? Why?
- Who was your favorite character? Why?
- What was the most interesting thing you learned from the book?
- Why do you think the author wrote this book?
- Would you have ended the book differently? Did it end the way you thought?
- Did the problem of the book's plot get solved?
- If you could change one thing in the book, what would it be?



What do good readers do?

Activate prior knowledge Predict/make inferences	Question Make connections	Visualise	Make inferences	Question	Revise and adjust predictions	Retell/summarise	Synthesise	Arter Revisit predictions	Question	Evaluate the text
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What do I already know about this topic? I predict this book will be about because	I wonder whyI know what that feels like because	I can make pictures in my mind	I think what the author is trying to tell me is	I wonder why	I predicted would happen, but now I think	The main idea of the story is	My ideas have changed after reading this	At the beginning I predicted that	I'd like to find out why	I found this book useful for my report because

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